

## Te Kopia Road Swamp

SNA 557 **Site Number: Ecological District:** Atiamuri

**Source of Information:** Shaw and Beadel (1998); Spring-Rice (Unpublished)

**Digital Scale:** 1:5,000 **WRAPS 2007 Data Source: Regional Council:** Waikato 1998 Site Number: NHS No. 557 **Current Tenure:** Unprotected Site Area: 11.6 ha Altitude Range: 300-360 m **Bioclimatic Zone:** Lowland

**Grid Reference:** NZTM E1875915, N5740290

VEGETATION		LANDFORM	EXTENT
CODE	ТҮРЕ	LANDFORM	EATENT
1	Grey willow/harakeke-toetoe flaxland and Kohuhu-	Wetland	11.6 ha
	whauwhaupaku-ti kouka shrubland on wetland margins.		

**Indigenous Flora:** No threatened or at risk species as listed in de Lange et al. (2009) have been

recorded from this site.

Fauna: North Island fernbird ('At Risk - Declining' in Miskelly et al. 2008) was

present at the site in 1996. Other birds present included tui, fantail,

goldfinch, and bellbird (Spring-Rice Unpublished).

Notes on Overall

**Condition:** 

There is a culvert at the lower end of the wetland. The eastern margins are flanked by pine plantation, whilst the western margins are flanked by pine

plantation and road (Spring-Rice Unpublished).

**Change Relative to** Shaw and Beadel

(1998):

This site is smaller than that mapped in Shaw and Beadel (1998). This may be due to poor quality of aerial photographs in 1998 and/or access difficulties. Alternatively, some of the site may have been recently

converted to pine plantation.

Threats/Modification/

Vulnerability:

Infill along the road margins is allowing weeds to invade this site. Wilding pines could become a problem, as could blackberry, broom, and willow along the road margins. Pumice deposits are causing water flows to cut erosion channels rather than being distributed throughout the swamp

(Spring-Rice Unpublished).

Risk Assessment: Management information is out of date.

Pest plants: Risk to site - medium; Timeframe - medium.

**Significance Level:** Regional (Appendix 5 - Table 1 - Criteria 3, 6, 7, 9; Table 2 - Factors L, N).

Significance The site is of regional significance as it contains wetland habitat of a **Justification:** 

relatively large size and provides habitat for North Island fernbird ('At Risk

- Declining'). Wetlands are a much reduced habitat type nationally.

No fieldwork required to assess significance, but fieldwork required to Fieldwork Required:

update biodiversity and management information.

Notes: None

Spring-Rice (Unpublished), Shaw and Beadel (1998). **References:** 



