

Tumunui Bush

Site Number: SNA	A553
Ecological District: Atia	amuri
Source of Information: Sha	w and Beadel (1998); Spring-Rice (Unpublished)
Digital Scale: 1:5,	000
Data Source: WR	APS 2007
Regional Council: Wa	ikato
1998 Site Number: NH	S 553
Current Tenure: Tur	nunui Trust - Unprotected
Site Area: 579	.5 ha
Altitude Range: 480	-680 m
Bioclimatic Zone: Low	vland; Sub-montane
Grid Reference: NZ	ГМ Е1889183, N5758118

VEGETATION			LANDFORM	EXTENT
CODE TYPE			EATENI	
1	• Kamahi-(1	arewa-mangeao forest, canopy height 15-20 m rewarewa) forest, c.10-15 m tall rhauwhaupaku-Spanish heath shrubland	Hillslopes Hillslopes Steep bluffs	Not mapped Not mapped Not mapped
Indigenous Flora: No threatened or at risk species as listed been recorded from this site.		n de Lange <i>et al</i> .	(2009) have	
Fauna:		Three species listed as threatened or at risk been recorded from this site (Spring-Rice "bush" falcon ('Threatened - Nationally Vulr ('At Risk - Declining'), and long-tailed of Uncommon'). Other species recorded b include paradise shelduck, tui, fantail, shinin bellbird, kereru, and kingfisher.	Unpublished): 1 nerable'), North Is zuckoo ('At Risk y Spring-Rice (New Zealand land rifleman c - Naturally Unpublished)
Notes on C Condition		This site comprises an impressive forest-covered dome surrounded by pasture, which is clearly visible on the west side of the Rotorua-Taupo Highway (SH 5) from near the Waimangu Road turnoff. Although heavily logged during the 1950s it has recovered well, and now appears quite natural from a distance. Old logging roads are kept open by the owners, who regularly hunt here, and deer browsing also serves to keep tracks open. There are excellent fences all round, and no sign of cattle damage was seen (Spring-Rice Unpublished).		
Change Ro Shaw and (1998):		Unknown, probably little change.		
	Chreats/Modification/Pigs, deer, wallabies, and possums are all present. It was well fVulnerability:1996 (Spring-Rice Unpublished).		ell fenced in	
Risk Asses	ssment:	Pest animals (pigs, deer, wallabies, possums): Risk to site - medium; Timeframe - medium.		e - medium;
Significan	ce Level:	Interim ranking: Regional (Appendix 5, Table 1 - Criteria 7, 9; Table 2 - Factors L, M).		





Significance Justification:	This site is of at least regional significance as it is relatively large and typical of Atiamuri Ecological District, and provides moderately important habitat for threatened and at risk bird species. Only <i>c</i> .7% cover of indigenous vegetation remains in Atiamuri Ecological District.
Fieldwork Required:	No fieldwork required to assess that the site is significant, but fieldwork required to update biodiversity and management information. Fieldwork is required to confirm significance ranking.
Notes:	The area is used extensively for hunting by the owners. Tumunui Bush rates highly amongst the recommended areas for protection on account of its large area. It has a reasonable botanical species diversity. It had the most extensive range of forest bird species encountered during the 1996 field survey (Spring-Rice Unpublished).

This site was identified as a Category 1 site in Spring-Rice (Unpublished).



