

## Te Weta Bay Geothermal Area<sup>1</sup>

Site Number: SNA No. 176
Ecological District: Rotorua Lakes

**Source of Information:** Wildland Consultants (2005c)

Digital Scale:1:2,000Data Source:RDAM 2006Regional Council:Bay of Plenty

**1998 Site Number:** Not identified as a site in Shaw and Beadel (1998)

Current Tenure: Unprotected
Site Area: <0.1 ha
Altitude Range: 300-310 m
Bioclimatic Zone: Lowland

**Grid Reference:** NZTM E1894751, N5785829

VEGETATION		LANDFORM	EXTENT
CODE	TYPE	LANDFORM	EATENI
1	Non-vegetated raw-soilfield	Steep face	<0.1 ha
	Steep ignimbrite face, largely bare, distinct sulphurous smell,		
	surrounded by planted eucalyptus/gorse-Histiopteris incisa.		
	Some areas of hydrothermally altered soils. Other species		
	present include Paesia scaberula, kiokio, wheki, Hypolepis		
	ambigua and local mosses. No surface geothermal activity		
	evident. Area covers $c.\ 20 \times 50$ m.		

**Indigenous Flora:** No threatened or at risk species as listed in de Lange *et al.* (2009) have been

recorded from this site.

**Fauna:** No threatened or at risk species as listed in Miskelly *et al.* (2008) have been

recorded from this site.

**Notes on Overall** 

**Condition:** 

The site is in a poor condition.

**Change Relative to Shaw and Beadel** 

(1998):

The major change to this site since the 1996 survey is the replacement of pasture with eucalyptus plantation forest. Change in extent is minor (based

*Invasive Exotic Plants*: Site is surrounded by planted eucalyptus forest

on assessment in Wildland Consultants 2005c).

Threats/Modification/ Vulnerability:

Human Impacts: Site is part of a plantation forest

*Grazing*: Site is periodically grazed by sheep.

Risk Assessment: None

**Significance Level:** Local (Appendix 4 - Table 1 - Criterion 4; Table 2 - Factor L1).

Significance This site is of local significance because it contains geothermal habitat - a

**Justification:** nationally uncommon habitat type.

**Fieldwork Required:** No fieldwork is required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This site was recorded as Te Weta Bay in Wildland Consultants (2005c).





Notes: None

**References:** Beadel *et al.* (1996b); Wildland Consultants (2005c).



