

## Komutumutu Stream A

Site Number:<br>Ecological District:<br>Source of Information:<br>Digital Scale:<br>Data Source:<br>Regional Council:<br>1998 Site Number:<br>Current Tenure:

Site Area:
Altitude Range:
Bioclimatic Zone:
Grid Reference:

SNA12
Rotorua Lakes
Shaw and Beadel (1998)
1:2,000
RDAM 2006
Bay of Plenty
NHS No. 12
Stream margins protected from grazing under a Land
Improvement Agreement; rest unprotected
116.1 ha
$340-540 \mathrm{~m}$
Lowland
NZTM E1873702, N5782543

| VEGETATION |  | LANDFORM | EXTENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CODE | TYPE |  |  |
| 1 | (Radiata pine)/tawa-(rewarewa) forest (with scattered miro and rimu, and local tanekaha). | Gully slopes and stream margins | 25.6 ha |
| 2 | (Radiata pine)/whauwhaupaku-mahoe-Himalayan honeysucklebuddleia scrub and shrubland (with local wheki ponga, and local bracken-kiokio fernland). | Gully slopes and stream margins | 13.1 ha |
| 3 | (Whauwhaupaku)-(mahoe)-(buddleia)/ bracken fernland (with local mamaku and wheki ponga). | Gully slopes and stream margins | 13.8 ha |
| ""'4 | (Rewarewa)/tawa-(kamahi)-(mangeao)-(rimu) forest (with scattered totara) (with a few emergent rimu; local totara around margins; subcanopy of mahoe, kotukutuku, local Griselinia littoralis (not mapped)). | Flat; gentle hillslopes | 62.9 ha |
| 5 | Heavily logged (northern part of 4). | Flat; gentle hillslopes |  |
| 6 | (Tawa)-(rewarewa)-(kamahi)/wheki ponga-broom-Himalayan honeysuckle shrub-fernland (with local blackberry, pampas and rank pasture; occasional mature rimu present). | Flat; gentle hillslopes | 0.9 ha |

Indigenous Flora: No threatened or at risk species as listed in de Lange et al. (2009) have been recorded from this site.

Fauna:

## Notes on Overall Condition:

## Change Relative to Shaw and Beadel (1998):

Threats/Modification/ Vulnerability:

No threatened or at risk species as listed in Hitchmough et al. (2007) or Miskelly et al. (2008) have been recorded from this site.

This site comprises tall forest modified by logging, and secondary vegetation developed following clearance.

Some vegetation clearance has been evident in Vegetation Type 6.

Risk Assessment: Unknown. Management information is dated.
The western part of this site is threatened by clearance (a major firewood and ponga collection operation is present). The adjacent area has been substantially cleared over recent years. Exotic trees have been planted locally within the site.

| Significance Level: | Local (Appendix 4 - Table 1 - Criteria 1, 6, 8, 9; Table 2 - Factor L1). |
| :---: | :---: |
| Significance Justification: | This site is locally significant because it includes a relatively large area |
|  | (c. 96 ha ) of a land type (undulating with knolls) that is under-represented in |
|  | the existing reserve system. In addition, 1 ha of indigenous vegetation occurs |
|  | on high terraces. Although only a relatively small area, indigenous vegetation |
|  | on this land type in this ecological district is very rare, with less than $1 \%$ remaining. |
|  | The vegetation along the stream margins provides a protective buffer to the stream. |
| Fieldwork Required: | No fieldwork required to assess significance, but fieldwork required to update biodiversity and management information. |
| Notes: | This site was identified as a "Recommended Area for Protection" (RAP No. 12) in the natural area survey of Rotorua Lakes ED (Beadel et al. 1998). |
| References: | Shaw and Beadel (1998); Beadel et al. (1998). |

